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From:

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Fax 6 pages

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02-6

Subject: Status:

Received:

10:22 AM 03/24/06

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MAR 2 4 2006

FCC-MAILROOM

FROM:

202 418 0187 6 pages

Leonard R. Kahn, PE, FIEEE 35th Floor 767 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017

March 24, 2006

VIA FAX & Electronic Filing Marlene H. Dortch Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 Twelfth St. SW Washington, DC 20554

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MAR 2 4 2006

FCC - MAILROOM

Notice of ex parte Letter FAX Presentations in MM Docket No. 99-325

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On the afternoon of March 23, 2006, I sent letters by FAX to the Chairman and also to Commissioners Copps, Adelstein and Taylor Tate. Enclosed are copies of these letters and their one page attachment, an article by Ms. Sarah McBride of the Wall Street Journal which appeared in the WSJ on March 2, 2006.

I assume that I am in compliance with FCC Rules re ex parte presentations on sending this FAX and an Electronic Filing within 24 hours of my sending by FAX these four letters. If you require any additional information, kindly let me know.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Geonard R. Kahir

(212) 983-6765

Enclosures: 4 letters dated 3/23/06

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VIA FACSIMILE (2 pages)

To: Chairman Martin From: L.R. Kahn

Subject: MM Docket No. 99-325

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MAR 2 4 2006

March 23, 2006

FCC - MAILROOM

Dear Chairman Martin:

The purpose of this letter FAX is to comment on what is reported to be a recent interview you granted to a trade publication, Radio World, announcing that you plan to move on the subject Rule Making. I must assume the report was not entirely an accurate (verbatim) report, for the following reasons:

i. Such actions would violate a number of existing treaties and you and all the other FCC Members are sworn to defend the Constitution. Article VI "This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made...shall be the supreme Law of the Land..."

ii. It would mean that the FCC's own record has been ignored by its staff, who have instead accepted the word of lobbyists NAB, EIA (NRSC) even though there is an obvious conflict of interest. Also your staff should take judicial notice that the FCC has had meetings with my competitor iBiquity and many of its equity owners that expect to share in a TRILLION Dollar receiver market. This receiver market is not under government control... and therefore does not fall under a valid Noerr-Pennington exception. (Please see wrathofkahn.org site for proof that we do not seek, or desire an FCC monopoly grant for our Cam-DTM System which, as confirmed by 24/7 on-the-air operation, reduces interference and greatly increases station coverage.)

iii. Finally, I also know of your commitment to the safety of our Country, therefore you should have been briefed by your engineering advisors that loss of skyway usage will DESTROY America's most important means for alerting the Public of attacks by our foreign enemies and also warn us of natural disasters, like the '05 Gulf Storms. This is not the time to sell out AM and FM Radio in order to line the pockets of an international cartel, especially when, on information and belief, there is no proof that the cartel is under American control.

Encl: WSJ 3/2/06 Article

Geonard R. Kahn, PE, U.S. Pat. Agent

213 983 6765

Respectfully yours,

767 3th Au 35472

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VIA FACSIMILE (2 pages) (202) 418-237

To: Commissioner Adelstein

From: L.R. Kahn

Subject: MM Docket No. 99-325

MAR 2 4 2006

FCC - MAILROOM

March 23, 2006

Dear Commissioner:

The purpose of this letter FAX is to comment on what is reported to be a recent interview Chairman Martin granted to a trade publication, Radio World, announcing that his plan to move on the subject Rule Making. I must assume the report was not entirely an accurate (verbatim) report, for the following reasons:

i. Such actions would violate a number of existing treaties and FCC Commissioners are sworn to defend the Constitution.

Article VI " This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made...shall be the supreme Law of the Land..."

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Respectfully yours

Encl: WSJ 3/2/06 Article

Leonard R. Kahn, PE, U.S. Pat. Agent

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MAR 2 4 2006 fated 4:1600

VIA FACSIMILE (2 pages) (202) 418-2802

To: Commissioner Copps

From: L.R. Kahn

Subject: MM Docket No. 99-325

FCC - MAILROOM

March 23, 2006

Dear Commissioner Copps:

The purpose of this letter FAX is to comment on what is reported to be a recent interview Chairman Martin granted to a trade publication, Radio World, announcing that his plan to move on the subject Rule Making. I must assume the report was not entirely an accurate (verbatim) report, for the following reasons:

i. Such actions would violate a number of existing treaties and FCC Commissioners are sworn to defend the Constitution.

Article VI "This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made...shall be the supreme Law of the Land..."

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Respectfully yours,

Encl: WSJ 3/2/06 Article

Leonard R. Kann, PE, U.S. Pat. Agent (212) 983 6765 767 374 Aux 359 Fd

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MAR 2 4 2006

VIA FACSIMILE (2 pages) (202) 418-2964-

To: Commissioner Taylor Tate

From: L.R. Kahn

Subject: MM Docket No. 99-325

FCC - MAILROOM

March 23, 2006

Dear Commissioner:

The purpose of this letter FAX is to comment on what is reported to be a recent interview Chairman Martin granted to a trade publication, Radio World, announcing that his plan to move on the subject Rule Making. I must assume the report was not entirely an accurate (verbatim) report, for the following reasons:

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Encl: WSJ 3/2/06 Article

Kahn, PE, U.S. Pat. Agent

Respectfully yours,

(212) 983 6765 767374 Au 354 Files

LIGHUM LUMOU APMING NOTION NOWOW

Digital Signals Spark Static From AM Radio

BY SARAH MCBRIDE

ILL HARMS OF ELKRIDGE, MD., tikes to listen to Frank Sinatra crooning on Vegas Radio, which broadcasts at WTRI-AM 1520, a Washington-based station. But over the past year, he's had trouble tuning in to Vegas as he drives through certain neighborhoods. As he complained to WTRI owner Buddy Rizer in an email, "there's a hiss, a hiss that did not exist in the past."

A growing number of radio listeners are encountering similar interference-hisses, whistles or static-on their favorite AM stations. The problem for WTRI began about a year ago, when Bonneville International Corp.'s WTOP, the AM station at 1500, began using a digital signal that

On the Dial

U.S. radio stations that

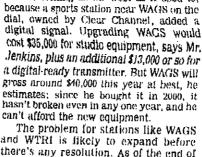
interfered with WTRI's analog signal in some broadcast areas. It's one of the unexpected consequences of the radio industry's thansition to digital broadcasts.

Digital radio is touted as broadcast radlo's golden ticket, a technology that allows broadcasters to squeeze more stations into freouencies that currently hold just one. Advocates say the technology will allow radio to better compete with niche-oriented products like Inter-

net radio and with other entertainment technologies, like iPods.

Big radio companies, such as Clear Channel Communications Inc. and CBS Corp.'s CBS Radio, have raced to embrace digital broadcasting, adding digital signals and rolling out new programming. But that has left behind many smaller AM stations that are still broadcasting only an analog signal. They are experiencing so-called side-channel interference-a phenomenon brought on in part by the fact that AM stations are packed tightly onto the dial, with only 10 kilohertz separating each one. (The problem doesn't affect FM stations much because they reside 200 kilohertz away from each other.)

The AM stations most affected are those whose neighboring stations-nearby on the dial-add a digital slengt. In most cases, including Mr. Rizer's. the interpresse deem't stretch into a station's



Continued From Page B1

isn't stretching as fur west as it used to,

and WTRI is likely to expand before there's any resolution. As of the end of 2005, there were 4,757 AM stations and 8,903 PM stations in the U.S.; 700 had added a digital signal. (Stations don't substitute digital for analog signals, because most listeners still have only analog radios.) That number will grow as more listeners buy digital radios, and more stations broadcast to them. Radio engineers hope to find new technologies that will assist small AM stations, but there isn't much yet.

For some small AM operators, it adds insuit to injury that the only company licensing the digital broadcast technology is one backed by the small stations' deeppocketed competitors: Ibiquity Digital Corp. Ibiquity, based in Columbia, Md., is the only company selling the "in-hand, onchannel," or JBOC, technology, that allows digital signals to be broadcast alongside analog signals. Investors in Ibiquity, a closely held company, include most of the major radio companies, including CBS and Clear Channel, as well as automotive companies such as Ford Motor Co., communications equipment makers such as Harris Corp., and venture capital and private-equity firms such as J.P. Morgan Chase & Co.'s J.P. Morgan Partners.

In 2002, the Pederal Communications Commission approved the use of IBOC for FM broadcasts and for daytime AM. The agency is still reviewing the use of IBOC for AM broadcasts at night. (Currently. AM broadcasters must switch off their digital transmission at night, when AM radio signals are more erratic, to cut back on interference.)

Critics question why Ibiquity's technology is the only terrestrial digital-radio technology approved by the RCC. (Digital radio transmitted by satellite is a separate issue.) Ibiquity's IBOC technology "allows...our domestic radio industry to transition to a digital radio future without requiring more spectrum," says Peter Doyle, chief of

the audio division at the FCC. That advantage more than makes up for any shortcomings, he says

One critic is Leonard Kahn, a New York-based radio engineer and patent lawyer who has developed a hybrid digital-radio system for AM-Kahn Cam-Dthat he says is better than the IBOC system, in large part bécause it doesn't cause interference on neighboring stations. Several stations around the country have bought the Kahn system to boost their signals. Last month in federal court in New York, Mr. Kahn filed a lawsuit against [biquity, along with Clear Channel, alleging antitrust violations. Clear Channel declined to comment because it hasn't yet seen the suit. A lbiquity spokeswoman said "we

Stations can improve the situation by going digital themselves. But that's expensive.

are in the process of reviewing it."

In many ways, digital technology is good for AM radio; broadcasting digitally can give an AM station the same high-quality sound as an FM station. Most broadcasters think digital technology will revitalize AM radio, which is now programmed mostly with talk, and that the advantages outwelgh the disad-

Still, many small AM operators worry that Washington might someday mandate a switch off of analog to create more room on the radio spectrum or to simplify the transmission of digital signals. The financial pressure would, "in effect, squash the small station," says Mr. Jonkins, who runs the bluegrass station

Mr. Rizer and his partner, Martin Sheehan, didn't anticipate the digital problem when they bought WTRI, a former Koreanlanguage station, in 2004. They quickly built a fan base in Washington's western suburbs. While the signal remains clear in WTRI's core coverage area, it's now harder to pick up in towns like Potomac or Rockville, Md. For the moment, Mr. Rizer has resigned himself to focusing on his core area around Brunswick, broadcasting on the Internet, and hoping to upgrade to digital himself one day.

Big radio companies, such as Clear Channel mmunications Inc. and CBS Corp.'s CBS Radio, ve raced to embrace digital broadcasting, adddigital signals and rolling out new programng. But that has left behind many smaller AM itions that are still broadcasting only an analog nal. They are experiencing so-called side-chan-I interference—a phenomenon brought on in rt by the fact that AM stations are packed htly onto the dial, with only 10 kilohertz separateach one. (The problem doesn't affect FM tions much because they reside 200 kilohertz

The AM stations most affected are those whose neighboring stations-nearby on the diat-add a digital signal. In most cases, including Mr. Rizer's, the interference doesn't stretch into a station's core coverage area, as defined in its Federal Communications Commission license. But in fringe areas, signals can be fuzzy, or lost entirely.

AM stations can improve the situation by going digital themselves. But that's expensive. In they Bishopville, S.C., station owner James Jenkins says the signal for his bluegrass station, WAGS,

Please Turn to Page B5, Column 1

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